M1. (a) the distance travelled under the braking force

1

(b) the reaction time will increase

1

increasing the thinking distance (and so increasing stopping distance)

(increases stopping distance is insufficient)

1

(c) No, because although when the speed increases the thinking distance increases by the same factor the braking distance does not.

1

eg

increasing from 10 m / s to 20 m / s increases thinking distance from 6 m to 12 m but the braking distance increases from 6 m to 24 m

1

(d) If the sled accelerates the value for the constant of friction will be wrong.

1

(e) only a (the horizontal) component of the force would be pulling the sled forward

1

the vertical component of the force (effectively) lifts the sled reducing the force of the surface on the sled

1

(f) $-u^2 = 2 \times -7.2 \times 22$

award this mark even with 0^2 and / or the negative sign missing

1

u = 17.7(99)

1

18

1

*allow 18 with no working shown for **3** marks*
*allow 17.7(99) then incorrectly rounded to 17 for **2** marks*

[11]

M2. (a) (i) 9.5

accept ±1 mm

1

10.5

1

(ii) 9.5

*ecf from **(a)(i)***

1

(iii) 190

*20 × **(a)(ii)** ecf*

1

(iv) medium

*ecf from **(a)(iii)***

1

(b) (i) any **two** from:

- position of ball before release
- same angle **or** height of runway
- same ball
- same strip of grass

2

(ii) long
or
longer than in part **(a)**
or
uneven

*do **not** allow reference to speed*

1

(c) (i) as humidity increases mean distance decreases

accept speed for distance

1

(ii) 71 × 180 = 12780
79 × 162 = 12798
87 × 147 = 12789

*all three calculations correct with a valid conclusion gains **3** marks*

or

find k from R = k / d

*all three calculations correct gains **2** marks*

or

87 / 71 × 147 = 180.1 ~ 180
87 / 79 × 147 = 161.9 ~ 162

*two calculations correct with a valid conclusion gains **2** marks*

conclusion based on calculation

*one correct calculation of k gains **1** mark*

3

(iii) only three readings **or** small range for humidity

accept not enough readings

accept data from Internet could be unreliable

ignore reference to repeats

1

(d) distance is a scalar **or** has no direction **or** has magnitude only

allow measurements from diagram of distance and displacement

1

displacement is a vector **or** has direction

1

[15]